## Investigating Seismic Source Characterisation at Local and Near-Regional Distances in the United Kingdom using P/S Amplitude Ratios and a Convolutional Neural Network

LIGHTNING TALK

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P2.1-161



- Our results suggest that P/S amplitude ratios work as a seismic source discriminant in the UK
- A machine learning model for discrimination, trained only on seismic events in France, achieves
  >95% accuracy when applied to our UK dataset
- The combined P/S and machine learning results form a multi-variate discriminant which improves the discrimination accuracy







