

Modelling complex P-wave seismograms from the 28th May 1998 Pakistan explosion

LIGHTNING TALK

Stuart Nippress¹, David Bowers¹ and Benjamin Fernando² AWE Blacknest, UK, ² Johns Hopkins University, USA

P2.1-554

- Teleseismic P-waves from the 28th May 1998 Pakistan nuclear explosion are complex compared to those typically observed from underground explosions.
- We observe a spatial correlation between waveform complexity and take-off angle; with the
 most simple seismograms being recorded at small take-off angles and at seismic stations to
 the south of the explosion.
- Waveform simulations suggest that the observed complexity can be explained by near-source geology







