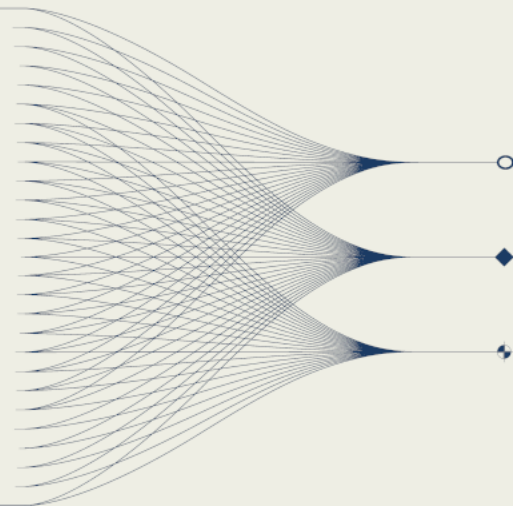


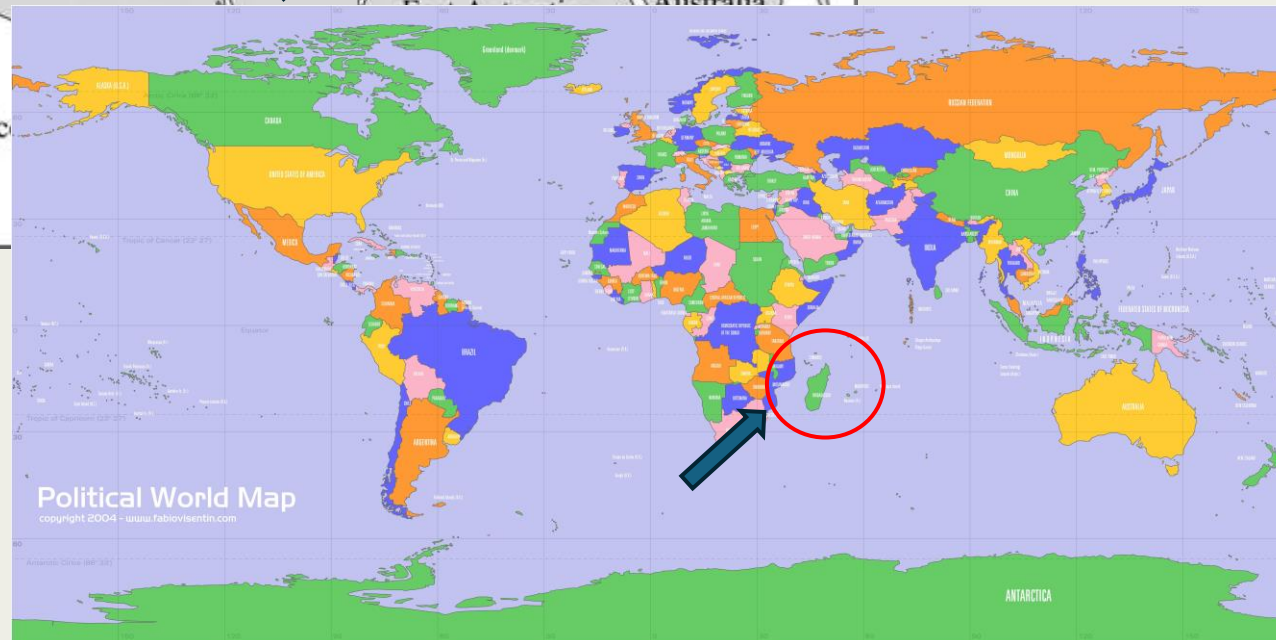
Presentation Date: 10 Sep



INTRODUCTION



Madagascar : from the breakup of Gondwana between Africa and India.



ANDRIANASOLO Ramarolahy [Rina](#)

O1.2-349

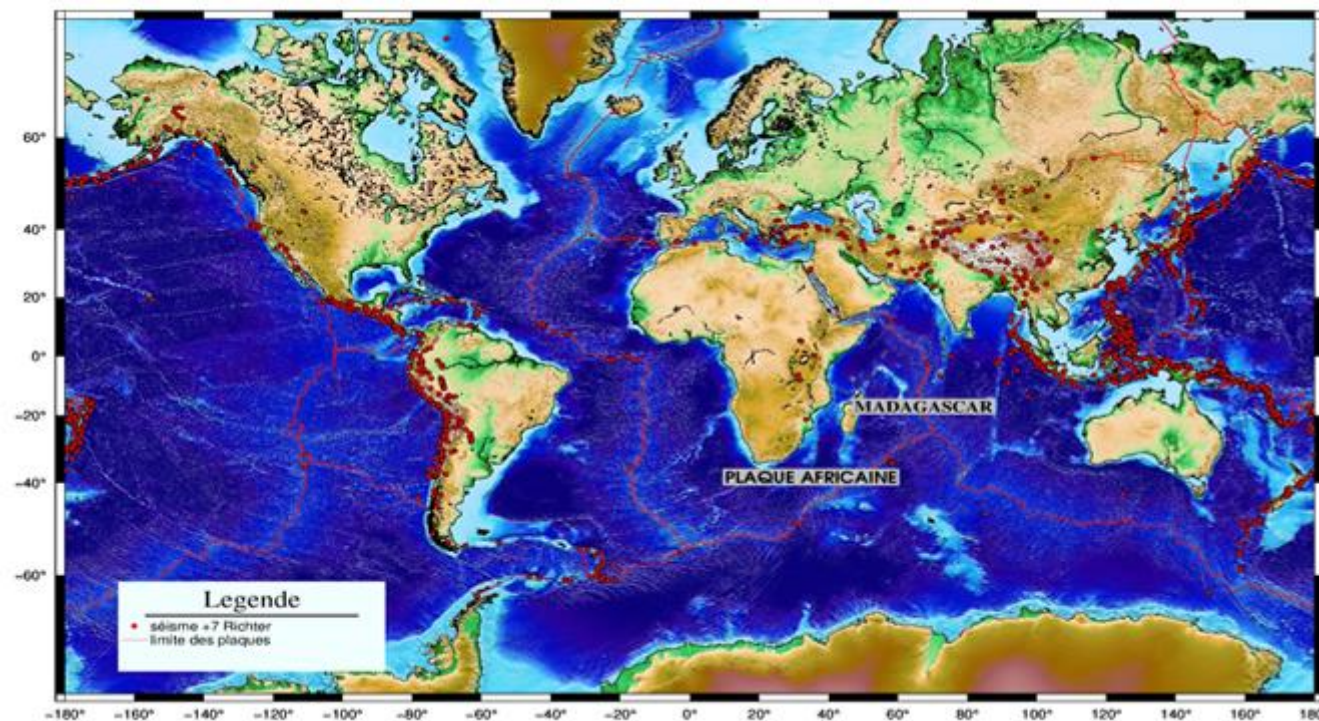
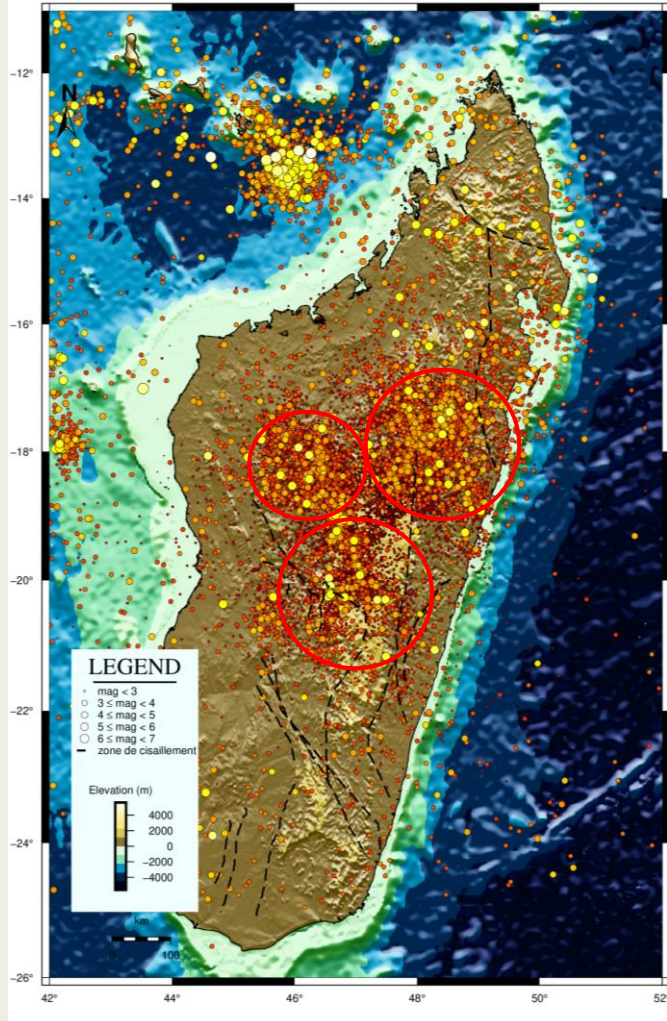
SEISMICITY

Presence of dense seismic activity in the centre.

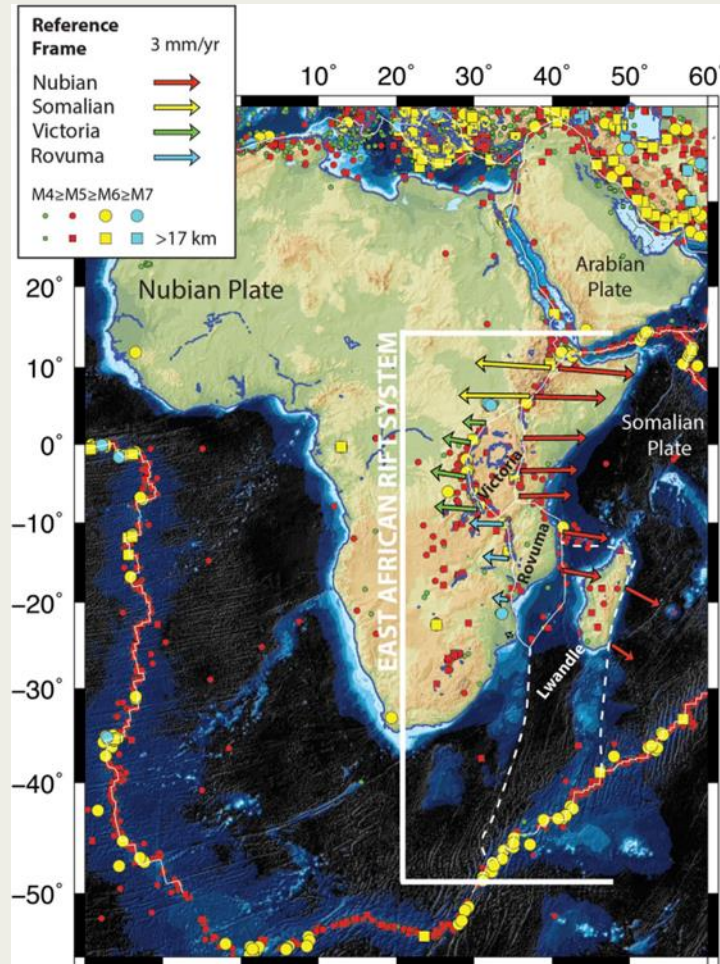
In the:

- West
- East
- South

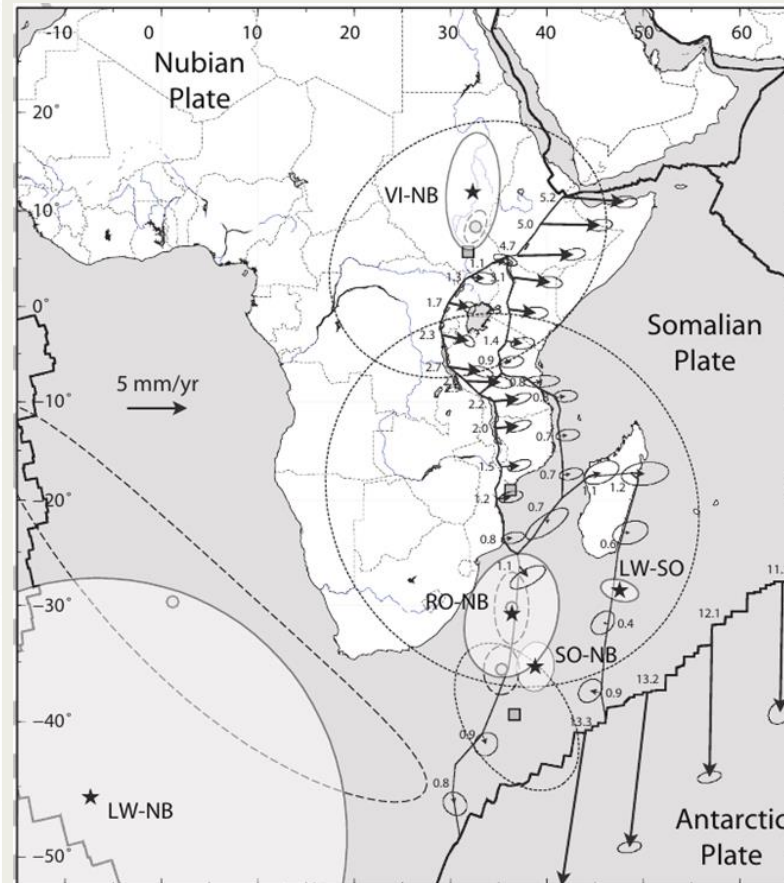
No large event, ml less than 7 in the highland.



PREVIOUS STUDIES



Stamps et al.



Saria et al

Many theories for Madagascar lithosphere, seismicity, tectonics.

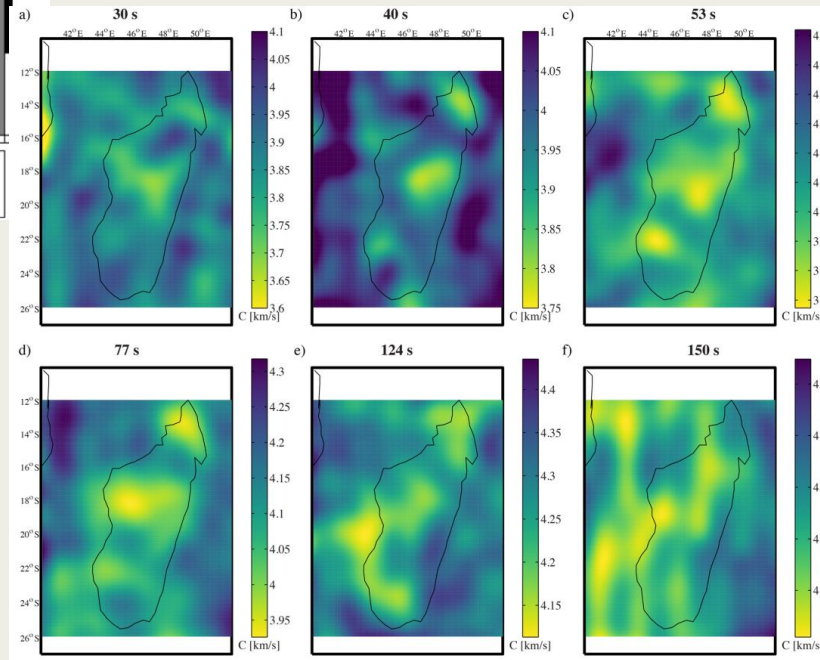
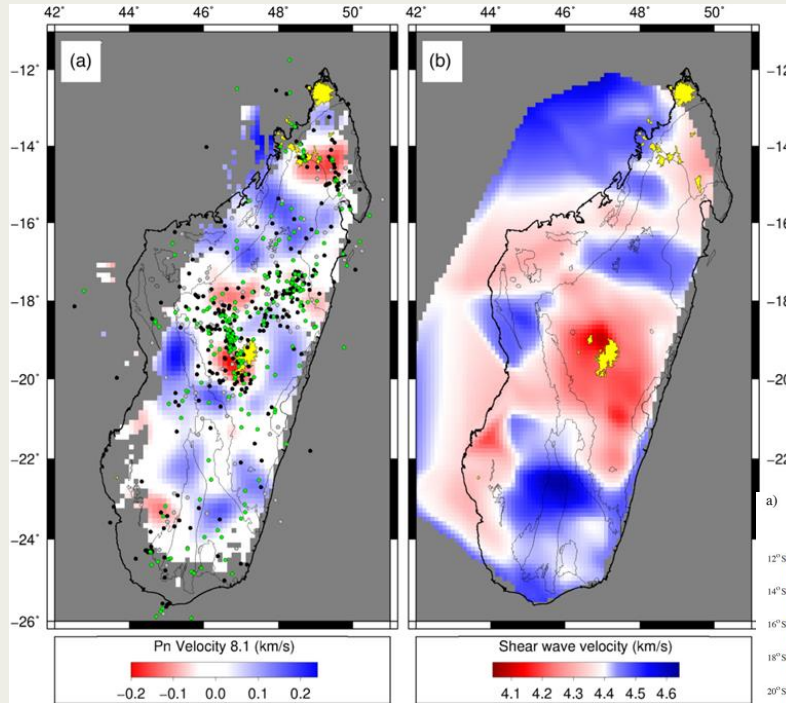
- Presence of microplate (Lwandle) as Hartinady et al. (2002) proposed,
- Stamps et al. (2008, 2018) with the east-west extension in Madagascar
- Saria et al. (2013, 2014) east-west extension in Madagascar
- Rindraharisaona et al. (2013) with the east-west extension,

PREVIOUS STUDIES

S velocity by Pratt et al. (2016)

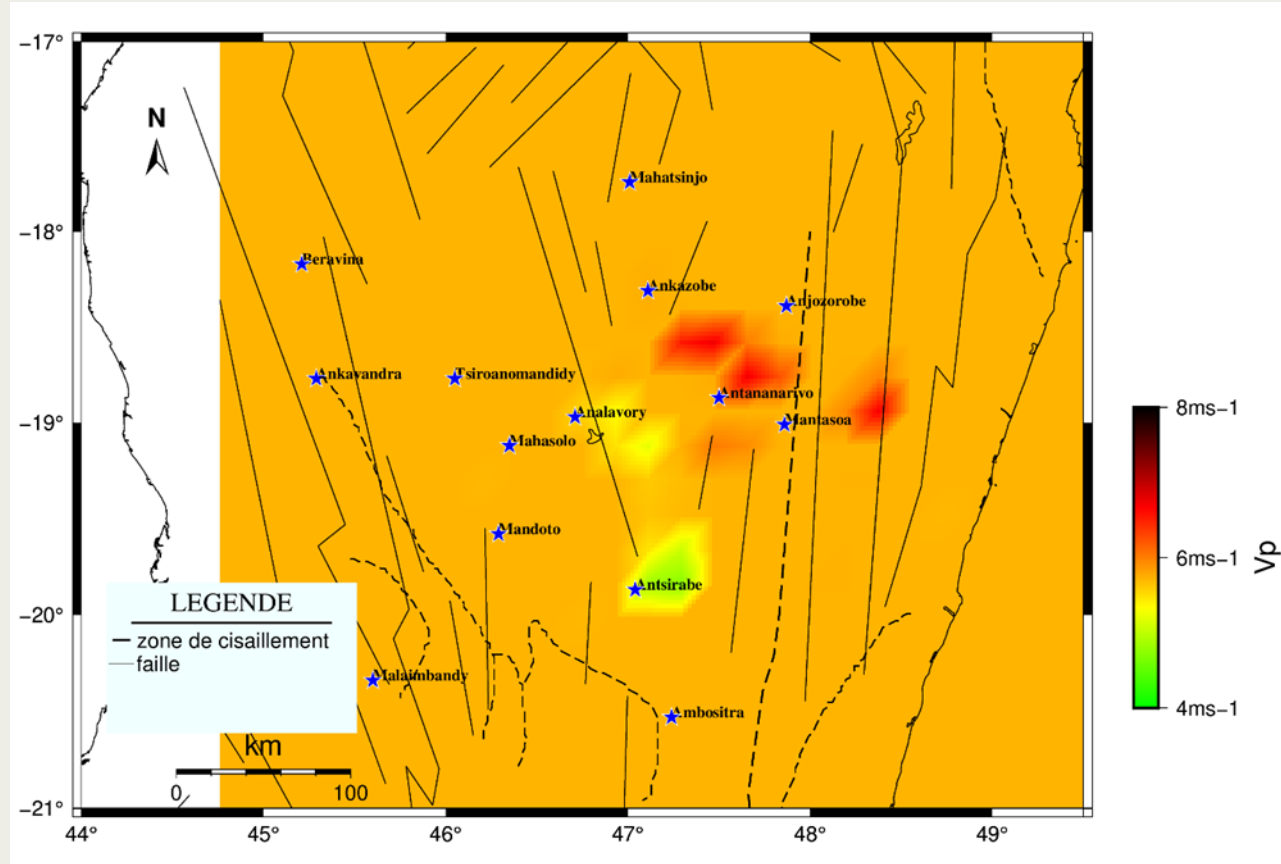
- Rajaonarison et al. (2019): east-west extension caused by mantle flow and upwelling,
- Andriampenomanana et al. (2017) with the structure of the mantle of Madagascar,
- Pratt et al. (2016) with the structure of the lithosphere of Madagascar using Vs,
- And many others

Pn and S velocity by
Andriampenomanana et al.
(2017)



With the thin lithosphere of Madagascar in the centre, it is stretching (deforming) due to many forces acting to it.

PREVIOUS STUDIES



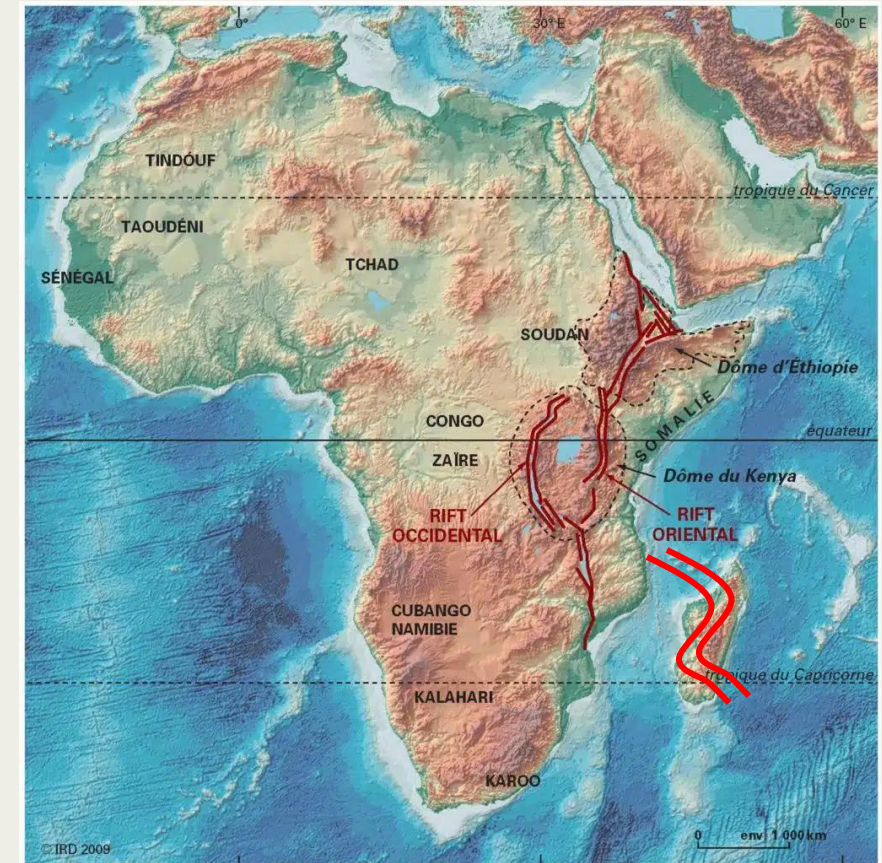
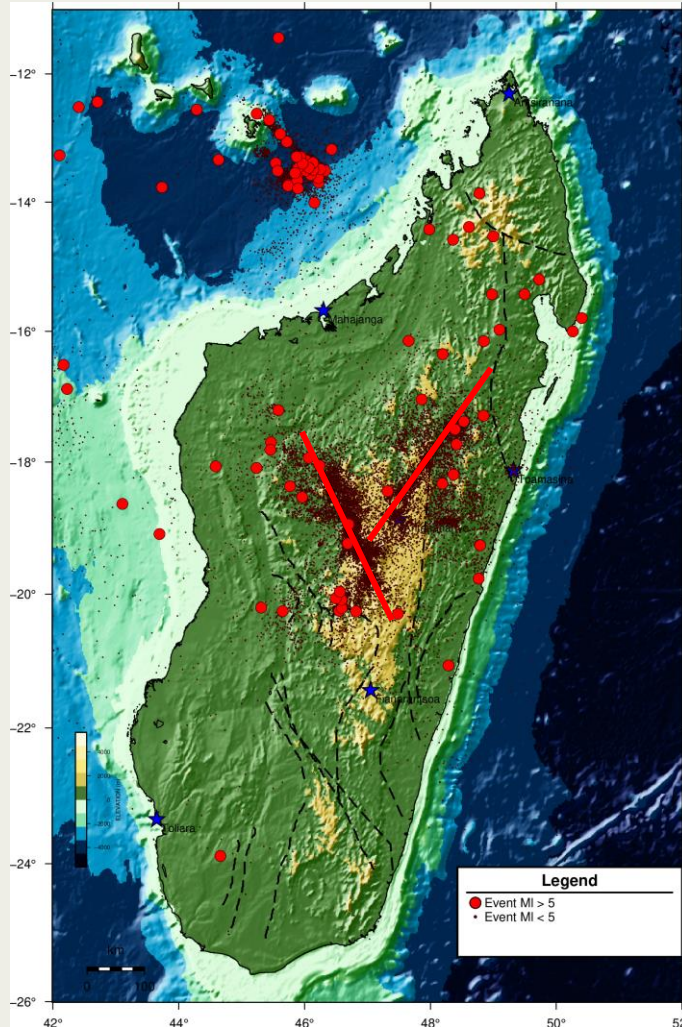
Tomography of P velocity

Thin lithosphere in the centre & low velocity (V_p and V_s) in the volcanic area of the centre,

TECTONICS

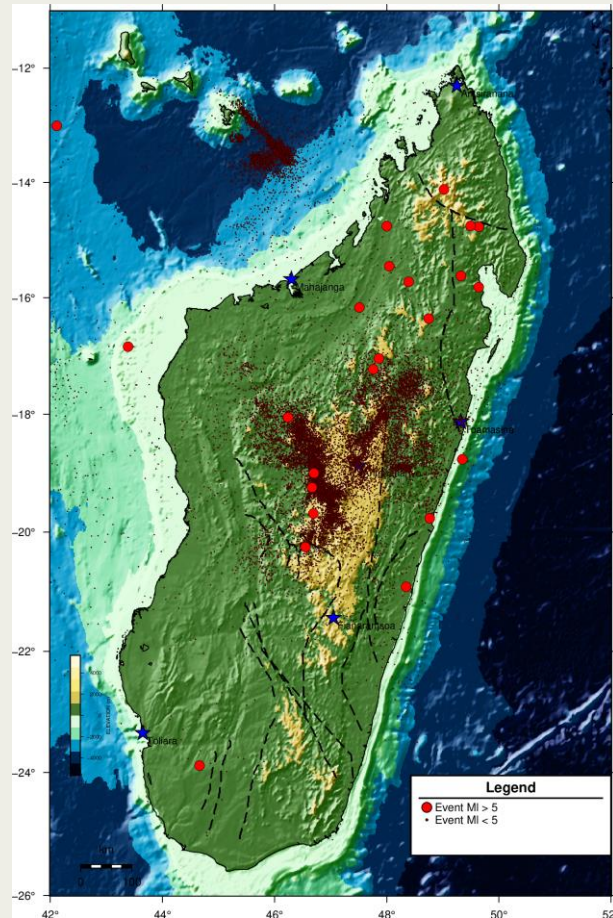
2 seismic lines: NW-SE and NE-SE

What really happened?
East African Rift still
extending or some
microplates are moving?

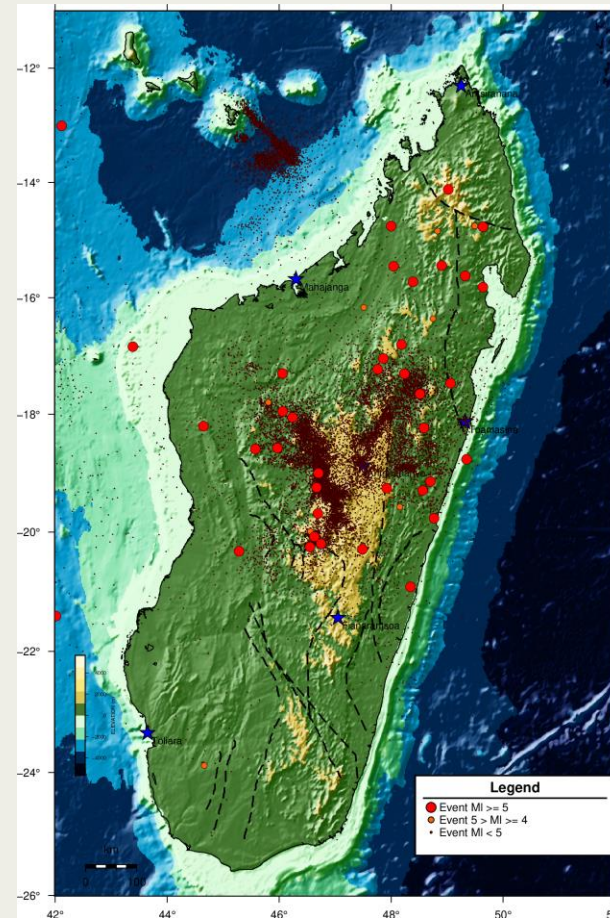


Seismic map with event $ml \geq 5$

TECTONICS



Seismic map with event $ml \geq 5$ after relocation



Seismic map with all event relocated $ml \geq 4$

Number of moderate seismic relocated events decreases: some events had ml lesser than 5 after relocation, no waveforms available anymore.

Most of the moderate events are in the centre and in the north part.

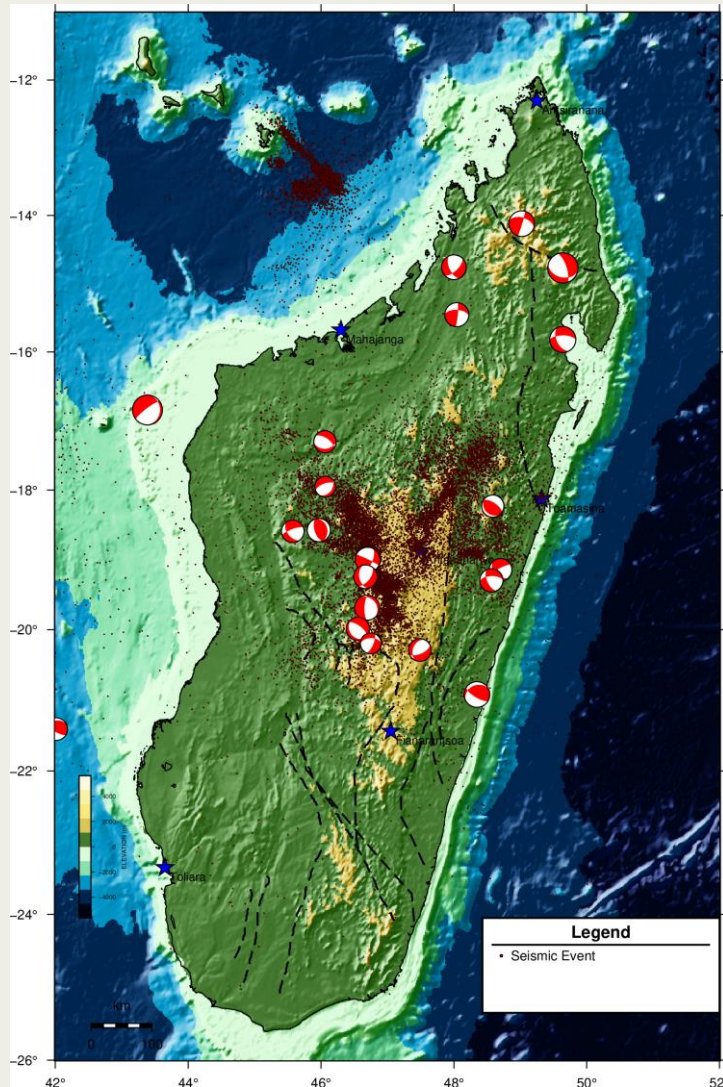
TECTONICS

Most of the earthquakes are due to extension to the east-west as other study suggested.

Few are strike-slip and thrust but the majority are oblique or normal fault movements.

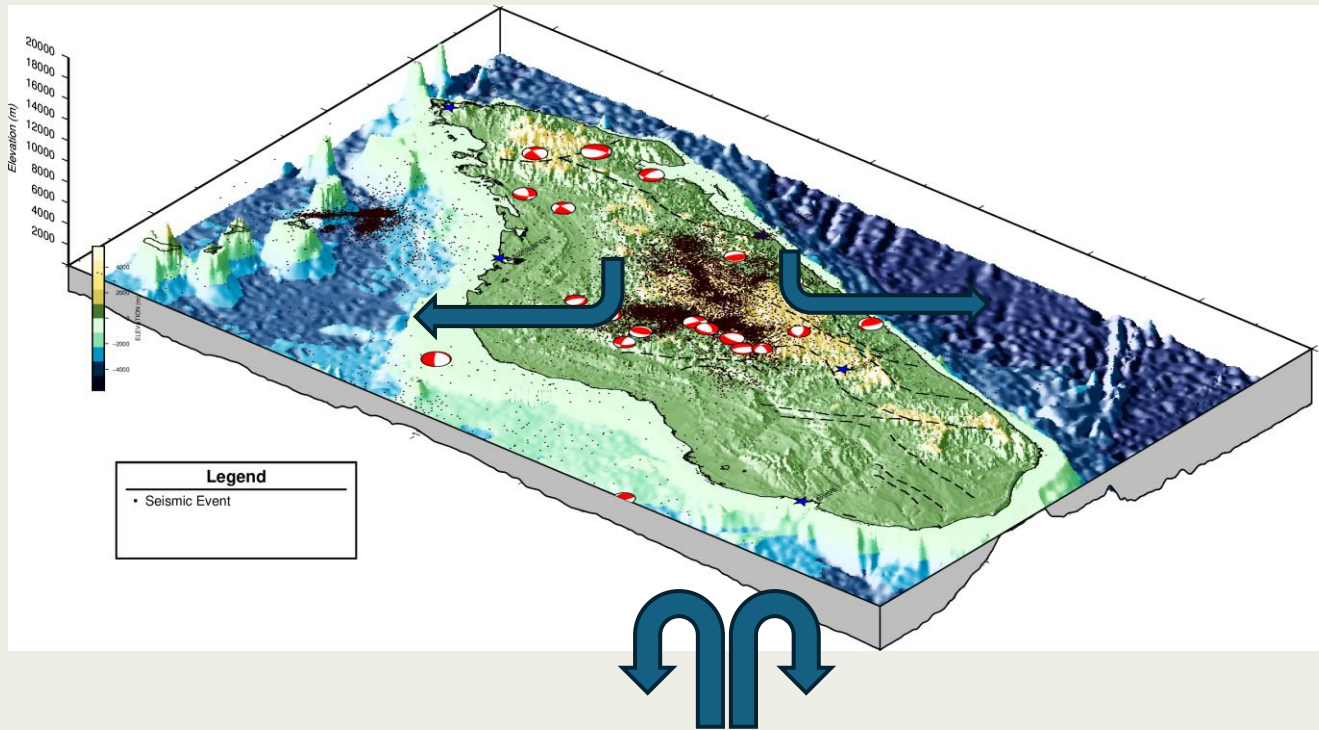
The east-west extension is not in the centre only but extend to the north.

Which theory is true: extension of the EAR system or existence of microplate or both?



Focal mechanism of event
 $m_l \geq 5$ after relocation

TECTONICS



Focal mechanism of event
 $m_l \geq 5$ after relocation

Madagascar lithosphere is deforming like a toasting bread in the oven



CONCLUSION

Despite these studies, it is unclear what really happening under Madagascar. They are just theories from the results of many studies.

The only thing we can say is that there is really east-west extension in the lithosphere of Madagascar making it thin. These moderate events are caused by this extension (directly or indirectly)

The reactivation of volcanoes in Madagascar can not be excluded proved by the low velocity in the volcanic area and the continuous activity (seismic, forces, convection, ...)



THANK YOU!!!!