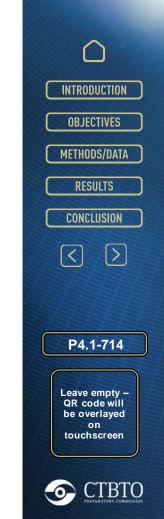


Disclaimer: The views expressed on this poster are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the view of the CTBTO



- "Stations are provided with the <u>means to carry out a calibration</u> whose result can be compared against a reference that was established at the time the station was certified or when a revalidation was completed at the station"
- The calibration performed at the time of the station certification or revalidation is referred to as "initial calibration". "The result of the initial calibration forms the **baseline** for certification and future calibrations"
- The calibration performed on a regular basis to verify that the system response remains "within tolerances" of the baseline is referred to as "on-site calibration".
- "When the results of the calibration are **not within tolerances**, the station operator informs the Technical Secretariat and initiates the **required maintenance**."
- On-site calibrations are performed at least on a yearly basis
- Both initial and on-site calibrations are "full frequency response calibrations"





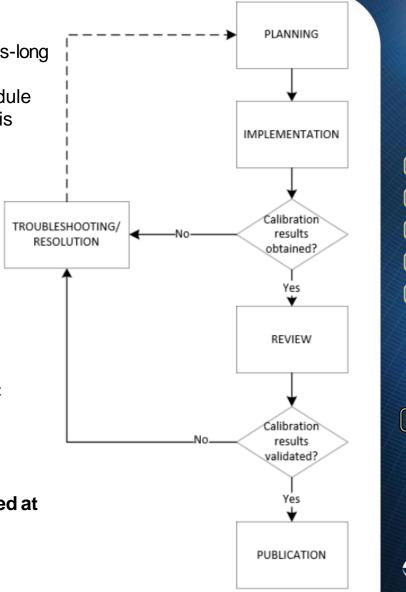
### Scheduled Calibration in 4 Phases

<u>Planning</u>: For each station: **PTS generates initial calibration schedule** with two 3-days-long alternative time windows: Main Time Window (**MTW**) and Backup Time Window (**BTW**). **PTS broadcasts** a message to the Station Operator (SO) including the calibration schedule and other relevant information on calibration activities. The **SO** is requested to **review** this message **and report** on any potential issue expected to affect calibration activities. The **calibration schedule** for the station is **defined**.

Implementation: For each station the SO performs calibration tasks to obtain calibration results. The raw results are typically a list of frequency, amplitude, phase triplets obtained using software or manual computation. The results are then categorized by the SO as being within or outside the minimum requirements for calibration, as defined in the IMS Operational Manual. The PTS and SO communicate through an exchange of Command and Control (C&C) messages.

<u>Review</u>: For each station the PTS verifies that the reported calibration results meet expected data quality criteria and are consistent with information stored in the IDC database. If any issue is identified, the PTS contacts the SO to coordinate troubleshooting; otherwise, calibration results are validated.

<u>Publication</u>: For each station validated calibration results are made available to Authorized Users. The available values correspond to the system sensitivity measured at the nominal reference calibration period for each calibrated channel. Only results compliant with OM requirements are currently made available to Authorized Users.



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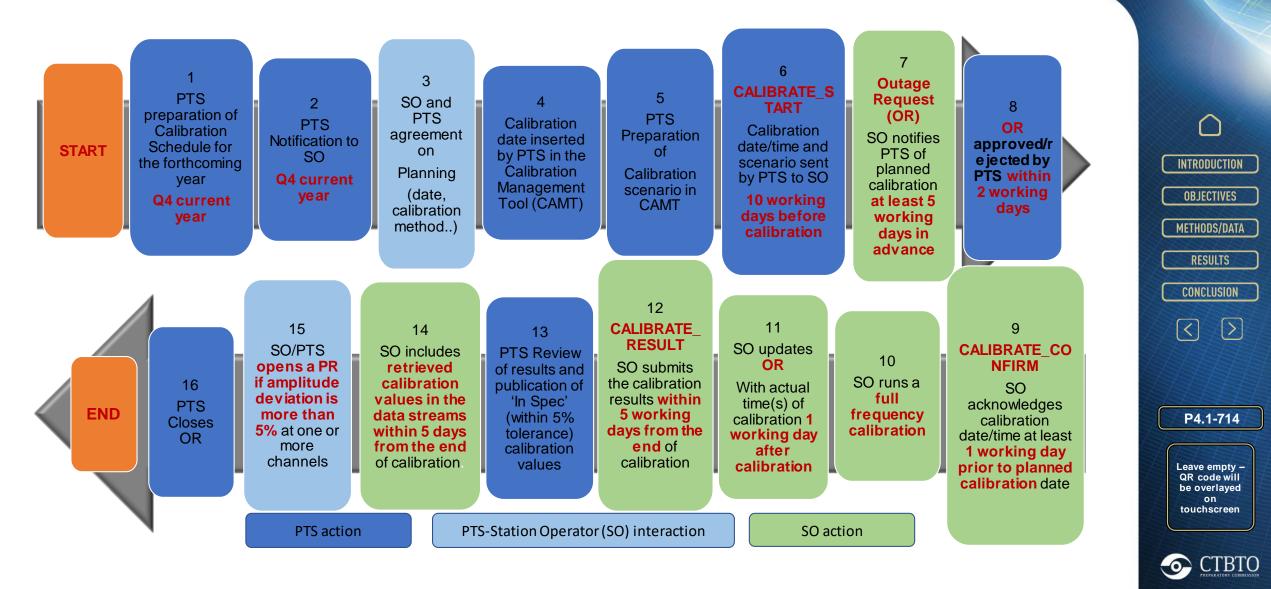
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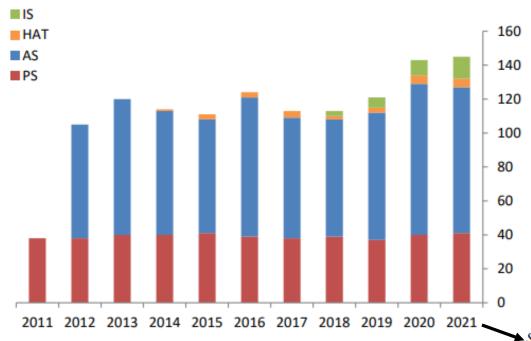
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### Seismic and Hydroacoustic T-phase Scheduled Calibration process



### Scheduled Calibration: 2021 and historical results



Year

SnT

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• High number of calibrations performed at Primary Seismic stations.

- Increased number of calibrations at Auxiliary Seismic stations in the recent years
- Progressive and continuous increase of number of calibrations at Infrasound stations since 2018

Summary of scheduled and performed station calibrations in 2021.

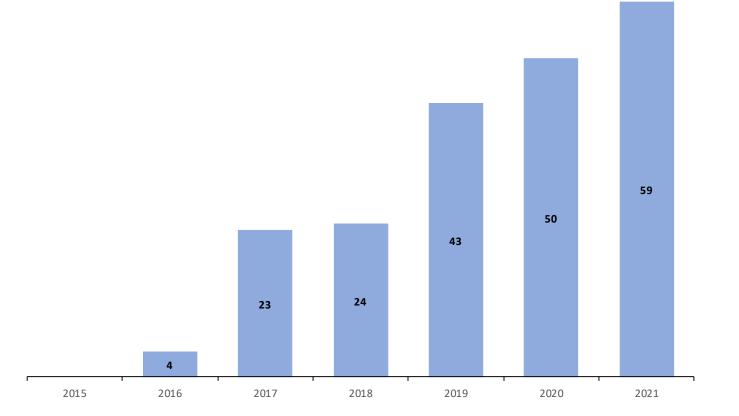
Type of Station	Total Number of Certified Stations	Scheduled Calibrations	Scheduled as Percentage of Total Number of Certified	Performed Calibrations	Performed as Percentage of Total Number of Certified	Performed as Percentage of Scheduled	
All Types	Types 210 151		72%	145	69%	96%	
Primary Seismic	44	41	93%	41	93%	100%	
Auxiliary Seismic	108	92	85%	86	80%	93%	
Hydroacoustic T-phase	5	5	100%	5	100%	100%	
Infrasound	53	13	25%	13	25%	100%	





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Seismic and Hydroacoustic T-phase Scheduled Calibration Submission of Full Frequency results in IMS2.0 format



PTS support SOs for requested delegated calibration and formatting issues:

Additional 7 Stations in 2020

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Additional 9 Stations in 2021

Continuous efforts made by PTS and SOs to increase the submission of Full Frequency results in IMS 2.0 format

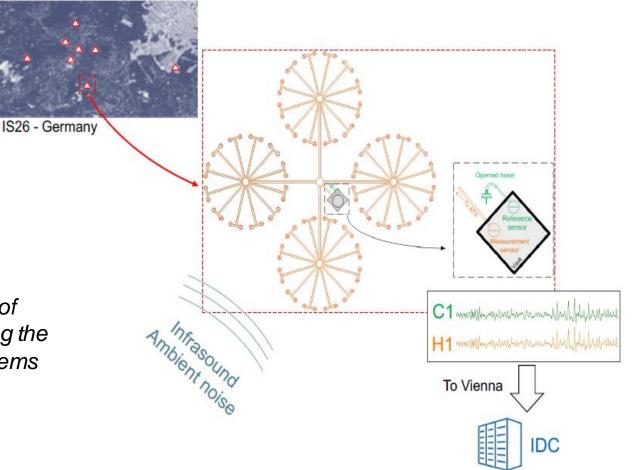


## Infrasound Scheduled Calibration: Calibration by comparison

Scheduled Seismic, Hydroacoustic T-phase and Infrasound Calibration are based on two different principles: in the first case the calibration signal is injected in the sensor once per year for a limited duration of time (minutes, hours). In the second case there is a continuous parallel recording of data spanning across the year.

# Station equipped with calibration capabilities:

- reference sensor, reference pipe/inlet port
- second data stream (reference system) forwarded to the IDC
- **Gabrielson**'s method: In situ calibration of atmospheric-infrasound sensors including the effects of wind-noise-reduction pipe systems
- → "Passive calibration"



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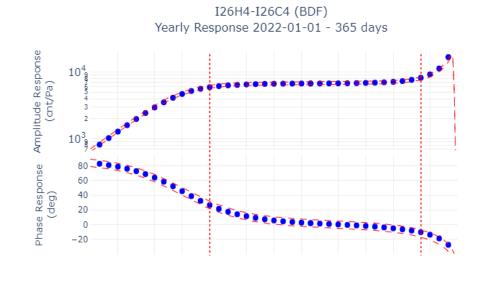
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## Infrasound Scheduled Calibration: CalxPy software and Full-Frequency results



	BEGIN IMS2.0									
	MSG_TYPE COMMAND_RESPONSE									
	MSG_ID_cal_202212061148_I26H4_cr									
	REF_ID cal_202212061148_I26H4_cs									
TIME_STAMP 2022/12/06 11:48:59										
	STA_LIST I26H4									
	CHAN_LIST BDF									
	CALIBRATE_RESULT									
	IN_SPEC no									
	CALIB 0.000149									
	CALPER 4.000000									
	- N_LIST BDF .IBRATE_RESULT _SPEC no .IB 0.000149 .PER 4.000000 TA_TYPE RESPONSE IM52.0 .2 I26H4 BDF MB3a 1.48840070e-04 0.250 20.00000 2022/12/06 11:48:59 22 1 C 0.000 80									
	CAL2 I26H4 BDF MB3a 1.48840070e-04 0.250 20.00000 2022/12/06 11:48:59									
	FAP2 1 C 0.000 80									
	0.00126 8.16417844e+02 82									
	0.00158 1.02321405e+03 81									
	0.00200 1.27919375e+03 78									
	0.00251 1.59314969e+03 76									
	0.00316 1.97320522e+03 72									

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- Scheduled Calibration process already supported by software (CalxPy) for IS stations equipped with calibration capabilities: The software allows results computation, review and archiving of results.
- Station results **computation centralized** at PTS facilitate calibration planning activities
- **Passive** and **continuous** calibration allows the regular assessment of instrumental response considering also changes in environmental conditions.

[see also presentation PTS-680 on infrasound stations calibration] [see also ePoster on CalxPy]



Infrasound Scheduled Calibration: deployment of calibration capabilities at the IMS Infrasound Network.

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- Calibration capabilities and timeline for implementation timeline
- Results reported to Member States since 2019
- 13 stations reported in 2022
- **Delay** between the installation of calibration capabilities and results reporting: upon installation of the array for data comparison, the first year is focused on the definition of the baseline (reference) values.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
IS26	IS37	IS20 (IS24)	IS03 IS41 IS52	IS01 IS25 IS31 IS32 IS39 IS48	IS36	(IS47)	(IS05) (IS18)			



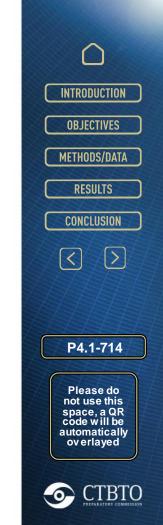
Conclusion and perspectives

Challenges for seismic:

- Progress in the percentage of calibration performed
- Progress in the percentage of full frequency results received
- High level of resources required (especially for planning and review phases)
- Alternative/enhanced solutions (e.g. passive seismic calibration) to be developed?

Challenges for infrasound:

• Continue the roll out the calibration capability at all infrasound stations





### References

#### **Operational Manuals**:

- CTBT/WGB/TL-11,17/15/REV.7

Operational Manual for Seismological Monitoring and the International Exchange of Seismological Data

CTBT/WGB/TL-11,17/16-REV.7

Operational Manual for Hydroacoustic Monitoring and the International Exchange of Hydroacoustic Data

- CTBT/WGB/TL-11,17/17-REV.7

Operational Manual for Infrasound Monitoring and the International Exchange of Infrasound Data

For further information on the Scheduled Calibration of IMS Infrasound Stations, see PTS Talk [PTS-680].

For further information on the software tool used for calibration by comparison, see ePoster [P3.1-578].





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