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Introduction to the Libyan contribution to the Verification regime of the CTBTO



- To monitor compliance with the comprehensive nuclear test ban treaty (CTBTO), a verification regime is designed to detect any nuclear explosion conducted anywhere – underground, under water or in the atmosphere.
- Libya signed the treaty on 13 Nov 2001 and ratified on 06 Jan 2004.
- The radionuclide station RN041 (Misratah, Libya) is planned to be installed as part of the International Monitoring System network and a PPOC was nominated.



The National Data Centre was established in the Nuclear Research Center and a TPOC was nominated.





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Contibution to the verification regime of the CTBTO



Libya is actively enhancing its contribution to the verification regime of the CTBTO. We are collaborating with the CTBTO on the installation of the International Monitoring System (IMS) radionuclide station RN041 in Misratah, and improving the capabilities of our National Data Centre as part of the NDC4All initiative announced by the CTBTO Executive Secretary. Additionally, we are working towards building our On-Site inspection capacity.





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Cooperation and activities with the CTBTO and National Authorities



INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVES

METHODS/DATA

RESULTS

CONCLUSION

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Several meetings held in Vienna with CTBTO colleagues to speed up the process and to put in place a road map of installation of RN41. We are working with national autorities on the preparation of the station location and required infrastructures.

NDC staff and Station Operators started participation in available trainings offered by the CTBTO to improve their skills to be able to contribute efficiently to the verification regime of the CTBT.

Libyan NDC is working to get support from the CTBTO regarding the provision of a Capacity Building System.





Results and achievements



Secure Account:

Secure Signatory account has been established by Libya on 07 Oct 2004.

The number of principal users, regular users and station operators is as follows:

PU = 3	RU = 0	SO = 0	Total: 3	
NDC Status	Status of NDC Activities			TPOC User
NDC is being established	NDC is using	IMS data and/or IDC	Abdurahim Ali Omar Sasi	
	testing purpo	oses only		

Trainings:

NDC staff participated in some trainings provided by the CTBTO



RN41:

A visit Site to the location the where RN41 station will be installed to know the existing infrastructure and all what is required for the construction and installtion of the Station.



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Conclusion



Installation of the RN41: It is required to speed up the process of installtion of the RN41 in full coornation with CTBTO and National Authorities and to provide trainings to the potential station operators, technical staff and station manager.

National data Centre: The established National Data Centre is using IMS data and IDC products, but a provision of a Capacity Building System (CBS) is required to be able to receive data in near real time and efficiently use the NDC-in-A-Box package.

Trainings: The NDC staff participated in some trainings provided by the CTBTO including the NDC Training for Arabic Speaking NDCs. The IDC approach for multilangual trainings, especially with the Arabic language is a very important asset for us to be more involved in the verification regime.

Technology and Tools: As the IMS use 4 technologies (Seismic, Infrasound, Hydroacoustic and radionuclide), it is important to provide necessary knowledge to the NDCs regarding the screening of events and the synergy between different technology used to monitor the earth for nuclear explosions.

