

# SnT 2023

CTBT: SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE

HOFBURG PALACE - Vienna and Online

**19 TO 23 JUNE**

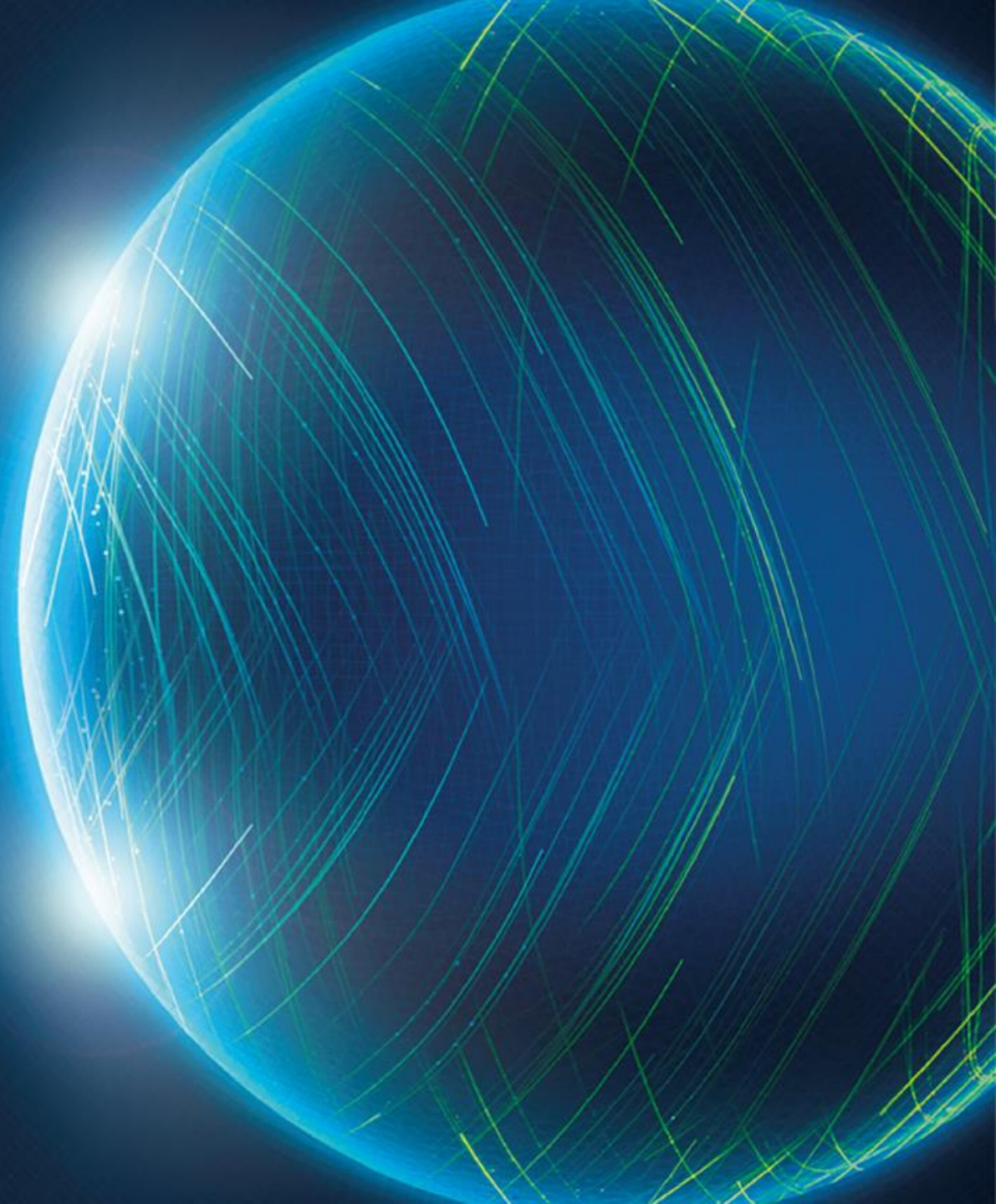
**SYSTEMATIC SEISMIC EVENTS  
DISCRIMINATION AT THE KENYA NATIONAL  
DATA CENTRE  
(KE-NDC)**

Josphat Mulwa and Edwin Dindi

Mr./University of Nairobi, Department of Earth and Climate  
Sciences

O2.1-638

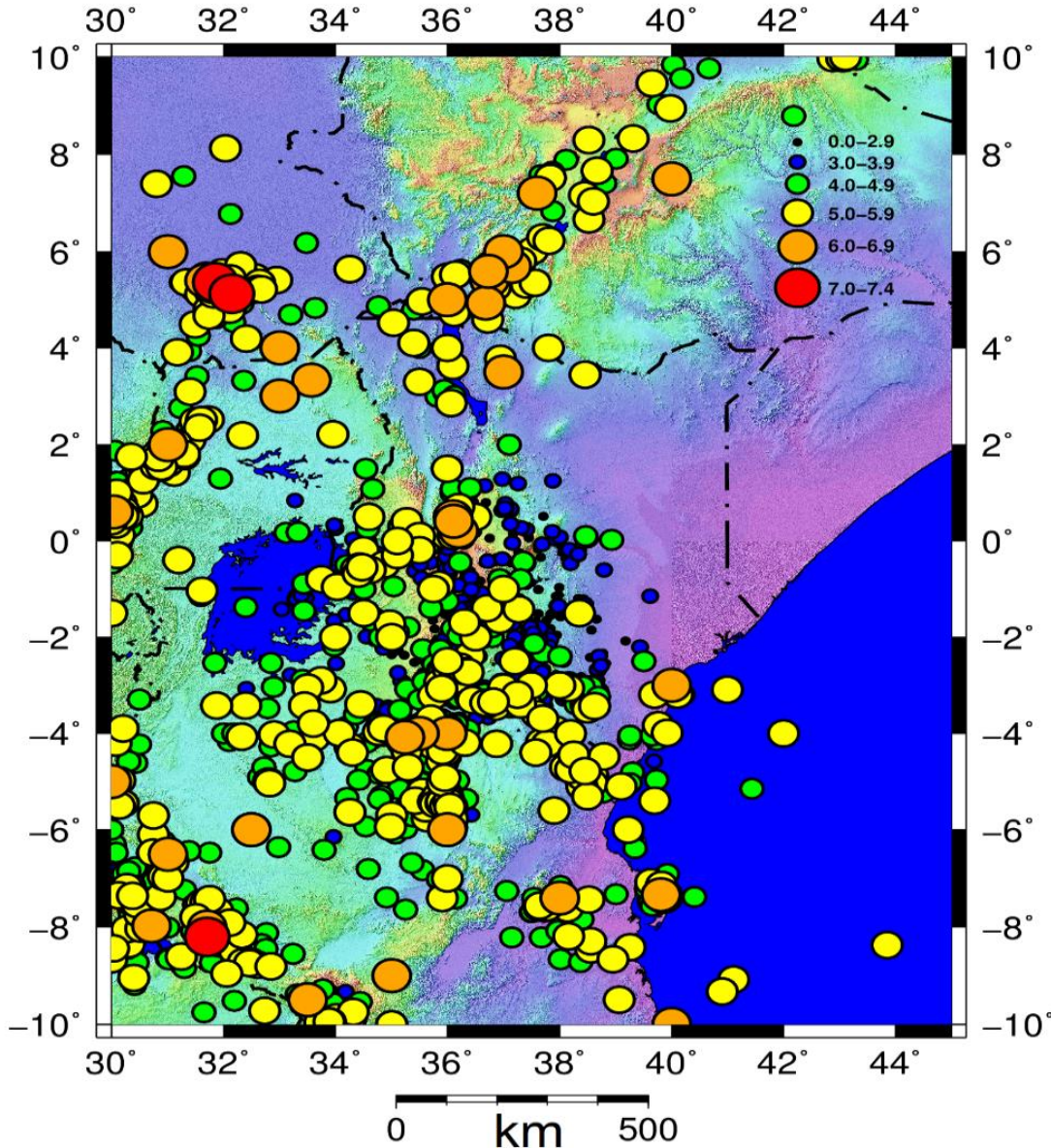
Presentation Date: 22 06 2023





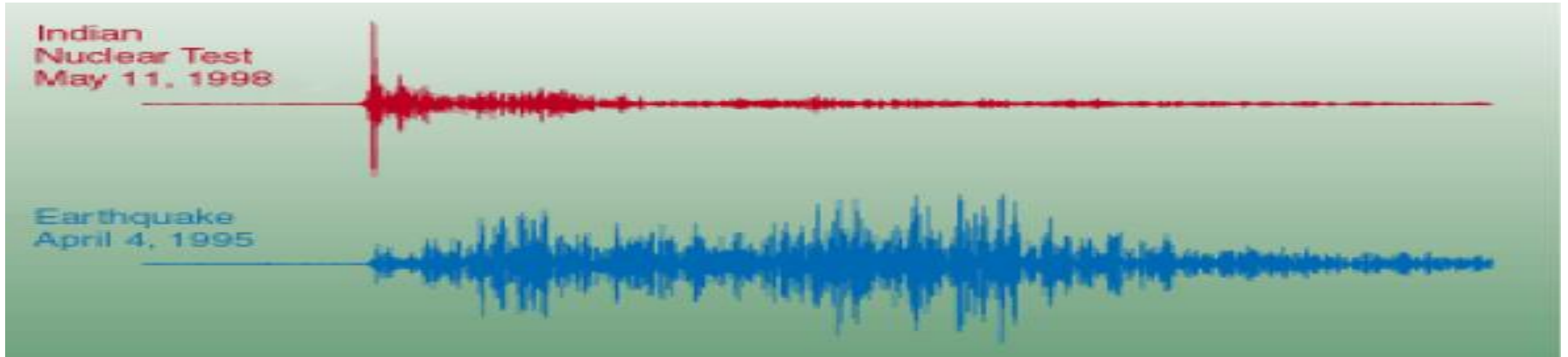
- ❖ Background information
- ❖ Seismic events discrimination methods and their ranking at KE-NDC
- ❖ Examples of seismic event discrimination
- ❖ Conclusion and Recommendation
- ❖ Acknowledgement

# 1. Background Information



## Seismicity for the period 1900-2020

- ❖ IDC routinely applies event screening or discrimination using a multi-technology approach in order to characterize events as either natural or anthropogenic.
- ❖ At KE-NDC, a step by step procedure for events discrimination is applied to seismic events.
- ❖ Results are obtained within a short time and the hierarchy of discriminants is dependent on their ease of use.



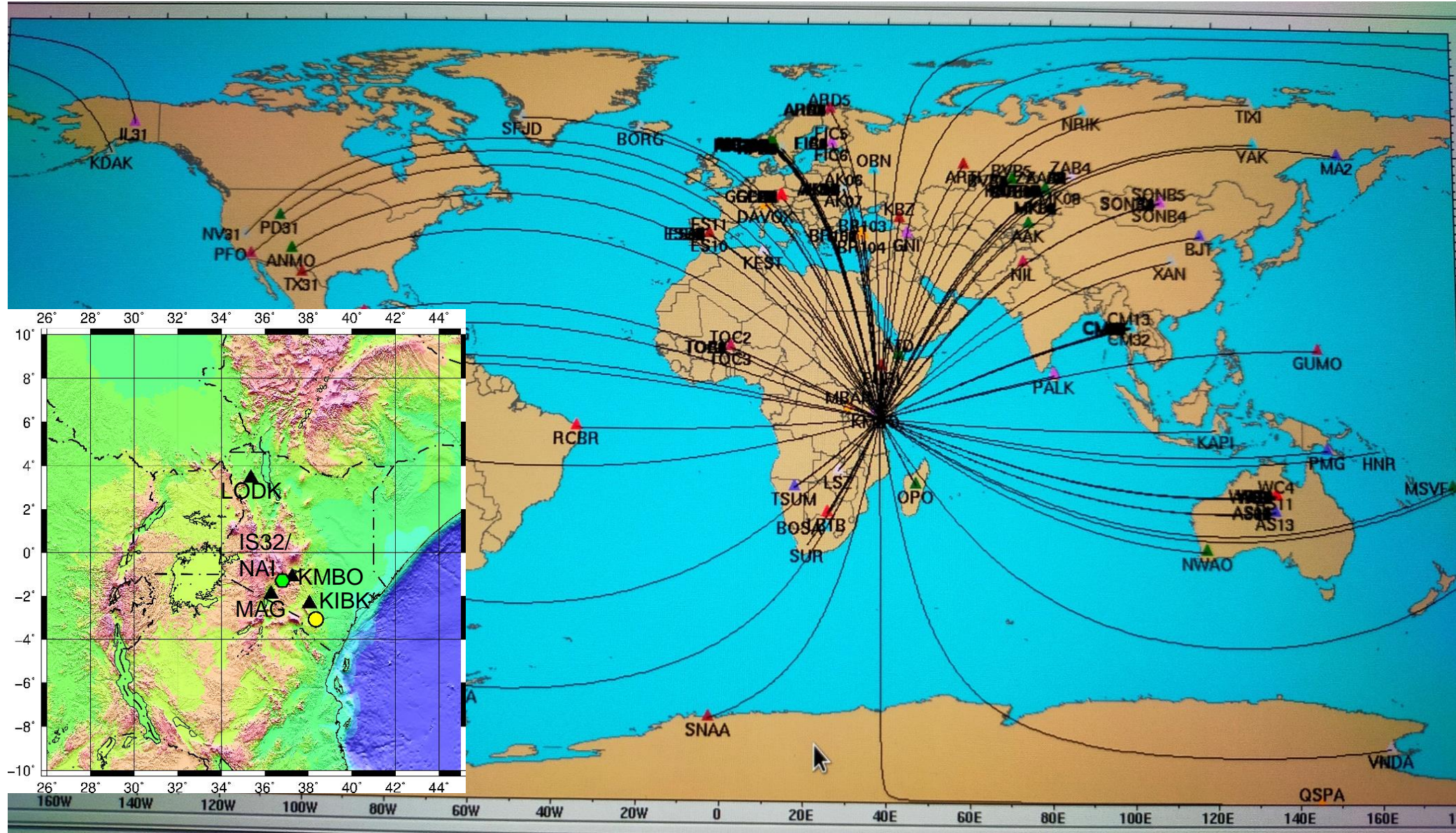
Rogers and Koper (ND): Forensic Seismology

- ✓ Event location (Epicenter/Hypocenter parameters)
- ✓ Magnitudes ( $\geq 3.0$ )
- ✓ Relocate to refine depth (HYP)
- ✓ mb : Ms criteria
- ✓ Focal mechanism (FOCMEC)

- ❖ SP Discriminants - Complexity, Spectral Ratio and TMF
- ❖ Regional P/S amplitude ratios
- ❖ Lg Spectral amplitude ratios
- ❖ Coda decay rates
- ❖ Moment Tensor Inversion
- ❖ Waveform Inversion (modeling)



### 3. The 20190324 Chyulu Hills seismic event



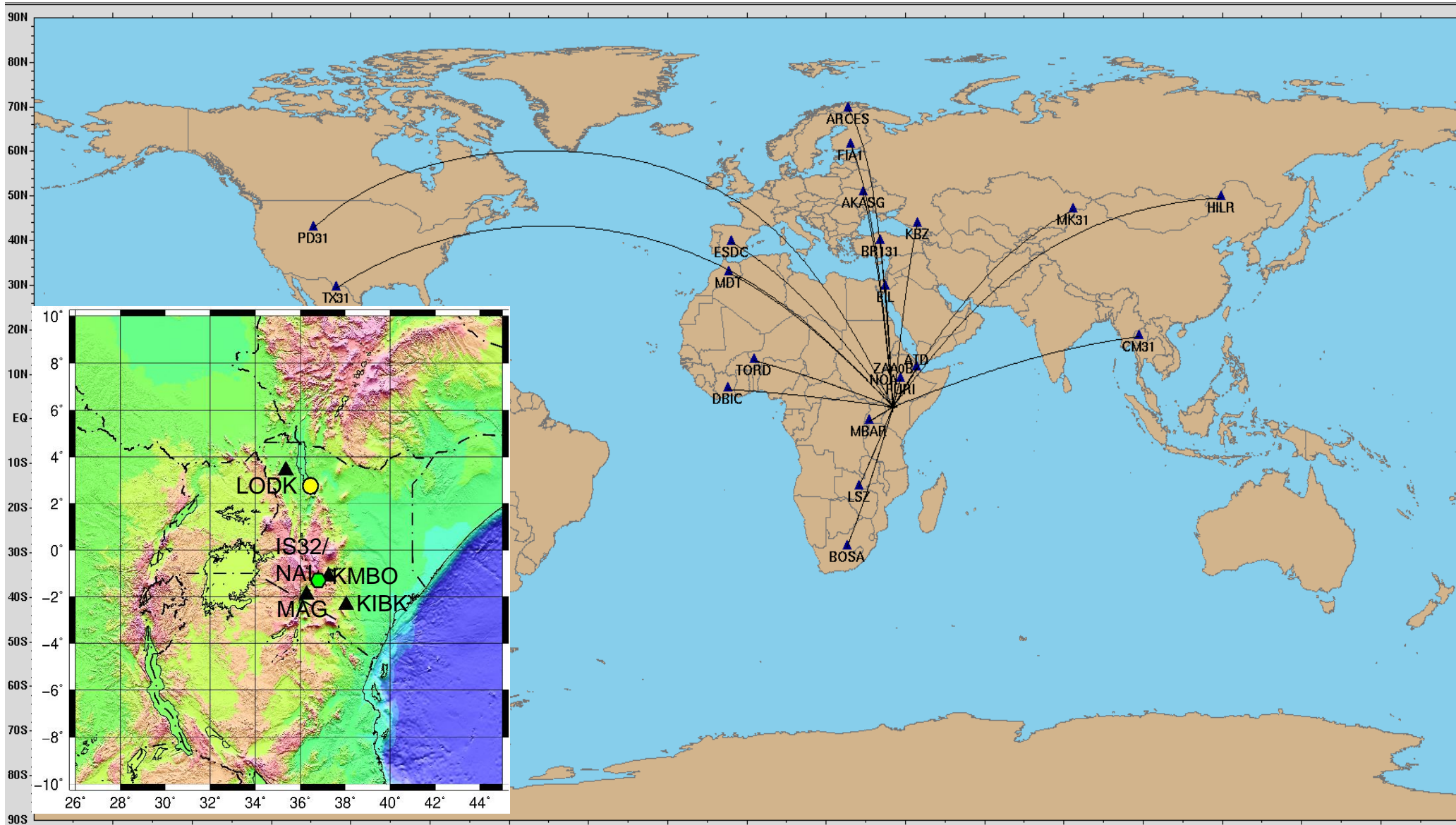
Lat: -3.0807  
Lon: 38.3428  
Depth: 0 km  
mb: 4.2



### 3. The 20200503 Lake Turkana seismic event

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Lat: 2.7577  
Lon: 36.4563  
Depth: 0 km  
mb: 4.8



## 4. The 20190324 Event Hypocenter Determination (Re-location)



### Hypocenter solution

Latitude	Longitude	Date and Origin time (UTC)	Depth (km)	Magnitude		Number of seismic stations	Region
				ml	mb		
-3.117	38.362	20190324 16:21:11	9.1	4.9	4.2	57 (3 non-IMS)	Chyulu hills in SW Kenya

### NIAB solution

Latitude	Longitude	Date and Origin time (UTC)	Depth (km)	Magnitude		Number of seismic stations	Region
				ml	mb		
-3.0807	38.3428	20190324 16:21:13	0.0	4.9	4.2	54	Chyulu hills in SW Kenya

If depth  $\geq$  10 km, may be an earthquake

## 4. The 20200503 Event Hypocenter Determination (Re-location)



### Hypocenter solution

Latitude	Longitude	Date and Origin time (UTC)	Depth (km)	Magnitude ml	Magnitude mb	Number of seismic stations	Region
2.8550	36.2540	20200503 19:36:55	14.1	4.8	4.8	35 (2 non-IMS)	Turkana Depression, Northern Kenya

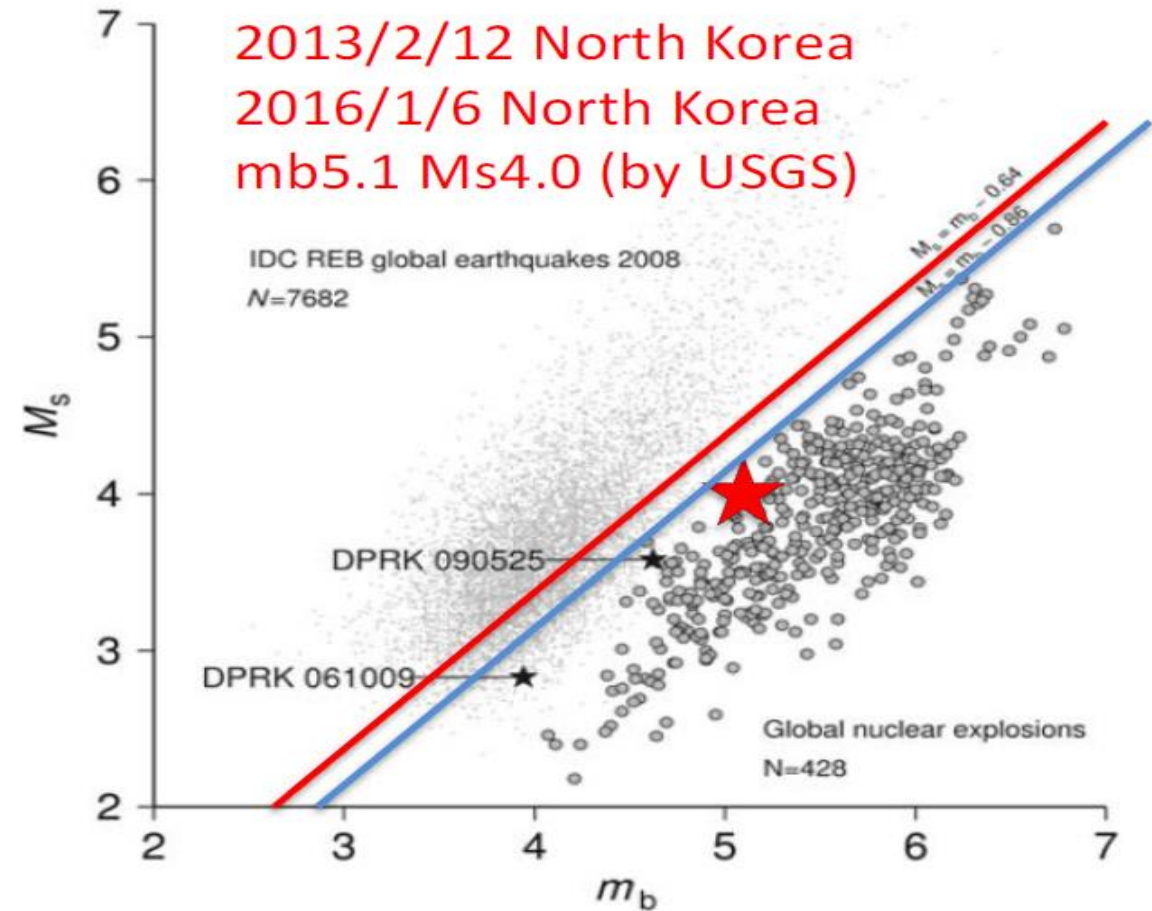
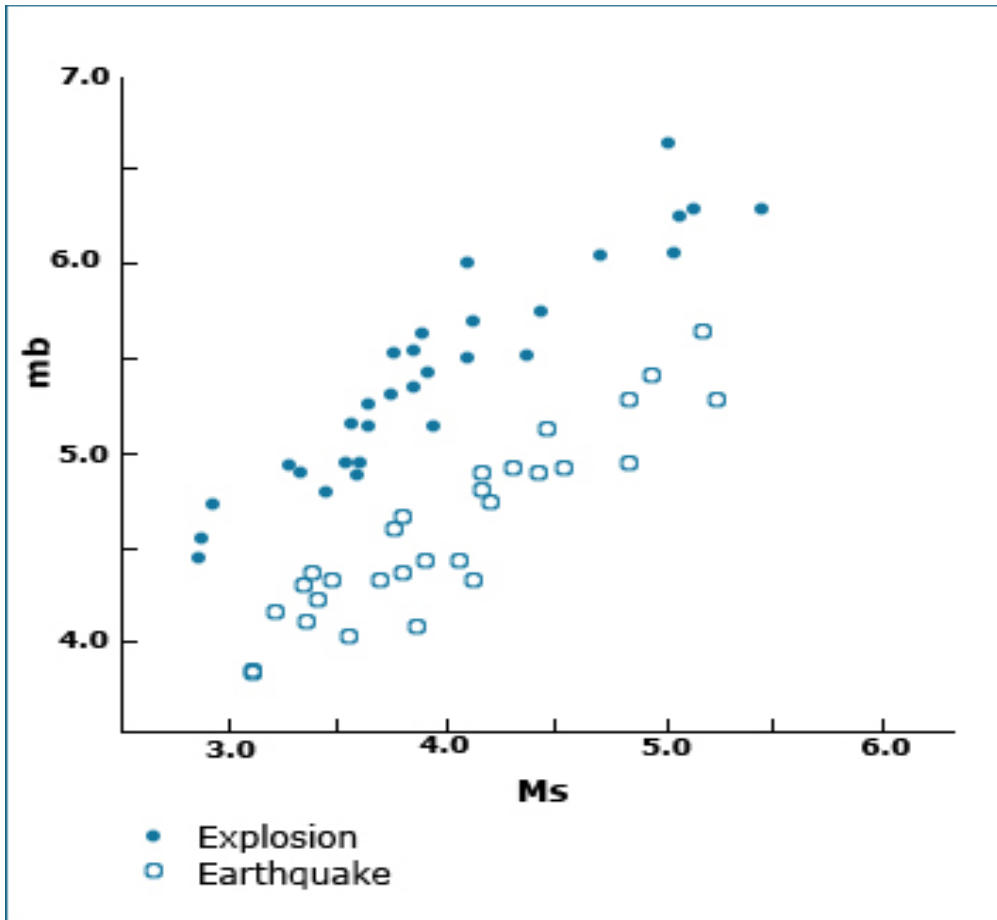
### NIAB solution

Latitude	Longitude	Date and Origin time (UTC)	Depth (km)	Magnitude ml	Magnitude mb	Number of seismic stations	Region
2.7577	36.4563	20200503 19:36:53	0.0	4.8	4.8	33	Turkana Depression, Northern Kenya

If depth  $\geq$  10 km, may be an earthquake



# 5. mb : Ms Criteria



$1.25 m_b(\text{IDC}) - M_s(\text{IDC}) = 2.20$

$m_b = 4.2; M_s = 3.1$  (20190324);       $m_b = 4.8; M_s = 3.8$  (20200503)

## 6. Focal Mechanism (FOCMEC) determination

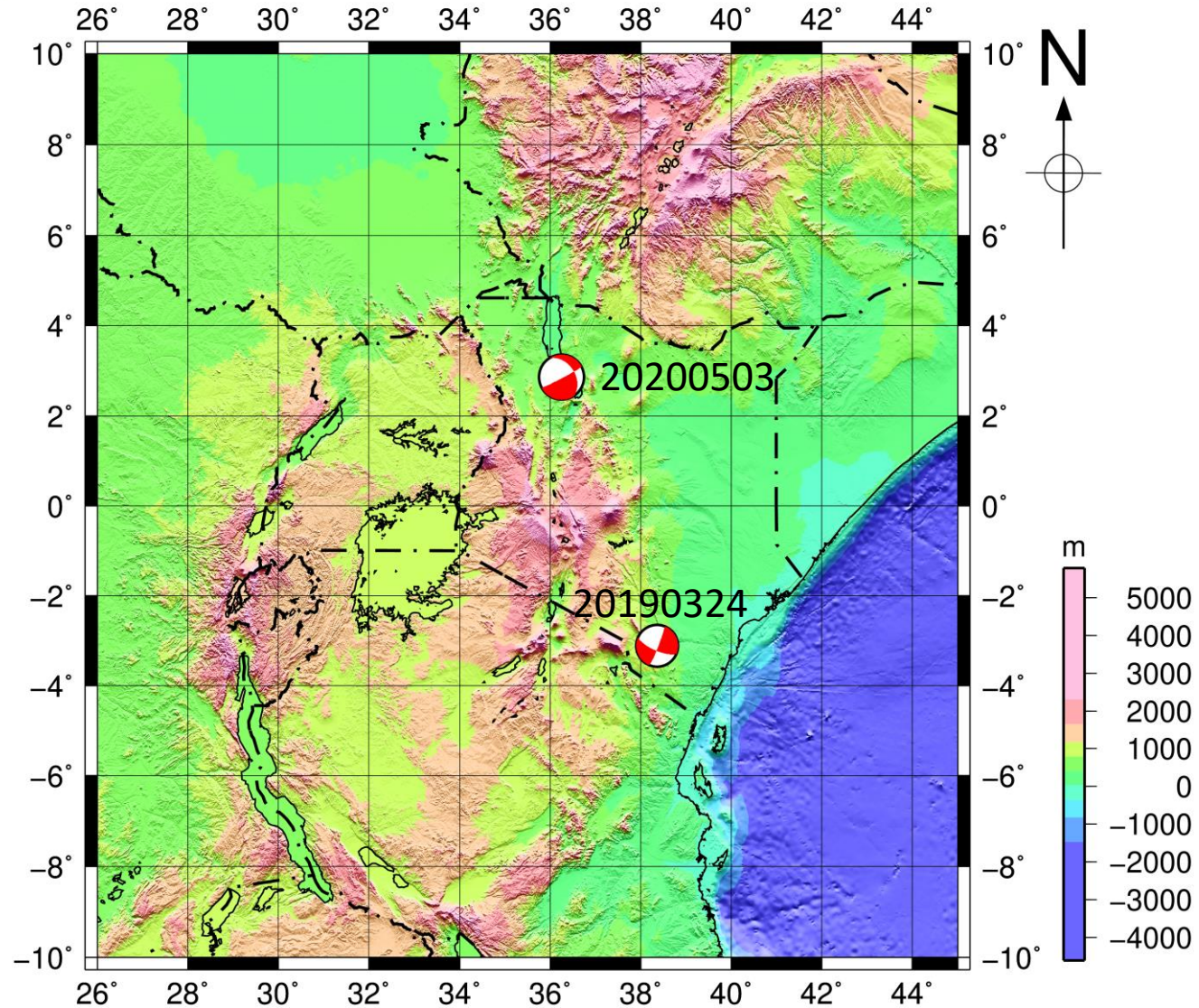


- ❖ Determines and displays double-couple earthquake focal mechanism;
- ❖ Performs efficient systematic search of focal sphere;
- ❖ Reports acceptable solutions based on selection criteria for the number of polarity and/or amplitude errors

Snoke, J.A., 2017. FOCMEC: FOCal MEChanism Determinations



# 6. Focal Mechanism (FOCMEC) Solution



## 7. Next steps for indeterminate solution



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- ✓ Event location (Epicenter/Hypocenter parameters)
- ✓ Magnitudes ( $\geq 3.0$ )
- ✓ Relocate to refine depth using Hypocenter (HYP)
- ✓  $m_b$  :  $M_s$  criteria
- ✓ Focal mechanism (FOCMEC)

### **Mb : Ms Amplitudes**

- ❖ Measure body wave and surface wave amplitudes
- ❖ Compute  $m_b$  and  $M_s$  magnitudes

$$m_B = \log_{10} \left( \frac{A}{T} \right) + q(\Delta, h)$$

Gutenberg, 1945a,b

$$M_S = \log_{10} A + 1.656 \log_{10} \Delta + 1.818$$

Gutenberg, 1945c

## 7. Next steps for indeterminate solution (mb-Ms Amplitudes)



mb Computation ( DBIC)			Ms Computation (CHTOIhz)	
Amplitude (A)	Maximum (crest)	7.53616E-02	Maximum (Crest)	33.2892
	Minimum (Trough)	-9.72740E-02	Minimum (Trough)	-35.6477
	2*Amplitude	1.72636E-01	2*Amplitude	68.9369
	Amplitude (nm)	8.63178E-02	Amplitude	34.46845
	Amplitude (µm)	8.63178E-05	Amplitude	0.03446845
Period (T)	From (sec)	54.026	From (sec)	36.849
	To (sec)	54.369	To (sec)	49.704
	Period (sec)	0.343	Period (sec)	12.855
	2*T	0.686		
Focal Depth (h km)	30			
Delta (Δ, deg)	8.00E+01		Delta (Δ, km)	2.80E+01
q	6.8			
mb	5.90E+00		Ms	6.13E+00



### Conclusion

- ❖ A variety of methods and techniques for seismic events discrimination are available to NDCs
- ❖ At KE-NDC, we have developed a hierarchy of seismic event discriminants based of ease of use and ability to obtain results in the shortest time.
- ❖ Moment tensor inversion and waveform modeling form KE-NDC's ETA

### Recommendation

- ❖ IDC to consider incorporating seismic event discrimination methods in NDC Capacity Building: Advanced Technical training courses on Access and Analysis of waveform IMS data and IDC products.



The Comprehensive Nuclear Test-Ban Treaty Organization (CTBTO)

Building Research Institute (BRI)

International Institute of Seismology and Earthquake Engineering (IISEE)

Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)